REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE BATH COUNTY CLERK

For The Year Ended December 31, 2005

ROSS & COMPANY, PLLC Certified Public Accountants

800 Envoy Circle Louisville, KY Telephone (502) 499-9088 Facsimile (502) 499-9132 www.rosscpas.com

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The Honorable Walter Shrout, Bath County Judge/Executive Honorable Glen Thomas, Bath County Clerk Members of the Bath County Fiscal Court

Independent Auditor's Report

We have audited the accompanying statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees – regulatory basis of the County Clerk of Bath County, Kentucky, for the year ended December 31, 2005. This financial statement is the responsibility of the County Clerk. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial statement based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the Audit Guide for County Fee Officials issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statement. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As described in Note 1, the County Clerk's office prepares the financial statement on a regulatory basis of accounting that demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statement referred to above presents fairly, in all material respects, the revenues, expenditures, and excess fees of the County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2005, in conformity with the regulatory basis of accounting.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated April 27, 2006, on our consideration of the County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

The Honorable Walter Shrout, Bath County Judge/Executive Honorable Glen Thomas, Bath County Clerk Members of the Bath County Fiscal Court

Based on the results of our audit, we have presented the accompanying comment and recommendation, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

• The County Clerk's Office Lacks An Adequate Segregation Of Duties

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the County Clerk and Fiscal Court of Bath County, Kentucky, and the Commonwealth of Kentucky and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Ross & Company, PLLC

Audit fieldwork completed -April 27, 2006

BATH COUNTY GLEN THOMAS, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES – REGULATORY BASIS

For The Year Ended December 31, 2005

Revenues

State Fees For Services		\$ 5,247
Fiscal Court		3,213
Licenses and Taxes:		
Motor Vehicle-		
Licenses and Transfers	\$ 291,365	
Usage Tax	545,846	
Tangible Personal Property Tax	623,256	
Licenses-		
Marriage	2,968	
Deed Transfer Tax	22,913	
Delinquent Tax	 137,397	1,623,745
Fees Collected for Services:		
Recordings-		
Deeds, Easements, and Contracts	\$ 9,994	
Real Estate Mortgages	16,027	
Chattel Mortgages and Financing Statements	48,573	
Powers of Attorney	892	
All Other Recordings	8,326	
Charges for Other Services-		
Copywork	 7,040	90,852
Other:		
Fixture Filing		53
Electronic Filing		500
Interest Earned		 597
Total Revenues		\$ 1,724,207

BATH COUNTY GLEN THOMAS, COUNTY CLERK STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31, 2005 (Continued)

Expenditures

Payments to State:			
Motor Vehicle-			
Licenses and Transfers	\$	224,297	
Usage Tax		527,321	
Tangible Personal Property Tax		234,068	
Licenses, Taxes, and Fees-			
Election Fees		300	
Delinquent Tax		15,230	
Legal Process Tax		11,280	\$ 1,012,496
Payments to Fiscal Court:			
Tangible Personal Property Tax	\$	52,331	
Delinquent Tax		15,661	
Deed Transfer Tax		21,767	89,759
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Payments to Other Districts:	¢	212.020	
Tangible Personal Property Tax	\$	312,038	201 412
Delinquent Tax		69,375	381,413
Payments to Sheriff			1,758
Payments to County Attorney			21,997
Operating Expenditures and Capital Outlay:			
Personnel Services-			
Deputies' Salaries	\$	109,681	
Employee Benefits-			
Health Insurance		15,087	
Materials and Supplies-			
Office Supplies		3,048	
			

BATH COUNTY

GLEN THOMAS, COUNTY CLERK

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND EXCESS FEES - REGULATORY BASIS For The Year Ended December 31,2005

(Continued)

Expenditures (Continued)

Operating Expenditures and Capital Outlay: (Continued)

Other Charges-			
Postage	762		
Bank Charges	989		
Bad Debts	3,024	132,591	
Total Expenditures			\$ 1,640,014
Net Revenues			\$ 84,193
Less: Statutory Maximum			67,071
Excess Fees			\$ 17,122
Less: Expense Allowance			3,600
Excess Fees Due County for Calendar Year 2005			\$ 13,522
Payments to County Treasurer- February 2, 2006			13,522
Balance Due at Completion of Audit			\$ 0

BATH COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT

December 31, 2005

Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

A. Fund Accounting

A fee official uses a fund to report on the results of operations. A fund is a separate accounting entity with a self-balancing set of accounts. Fund accounting is designed to demonstrate legal compliance and to aid financial management by segregating transactions related to certain government functions or activities.

A fee official uses a fund for fees to account for activities for which the government desires periodic determination of the excess of revenues over expenditures to facilitate management control, accountability, and compliance with laws.

B. Basis of Accounting

KRS 64.820 directs the fiscal court to collect any amount, including excess fees, due from the County Clerk as determined by the audit. KRS 64.152 requires the County Clerk to settle excess fees with the fiscal court by March 15 each year.

The financial statement has been prepared on a regulatory basis of accounting, which demonstrates compliance with the laws of Kentucky and is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this regulatory basis of accounting, revenues and expenditures are generally recognized when cash is received or disbursed with the exception of accrual of the following items (not all-inclusive), at December 31 that may be included in the excess fees calculation:

- Interest receivable
- Collection on accounts due from others for 2005 services
- Reimbursements for 2005 activities
- Payments due other governmental entities for December tax and fee collections and payroll
- Payments due vendors for goods or services provided in 2005

The measurement focus of a fee official is upon excess fees. Remittance of excess fees is due to the County Treasurer in the subsequent year.

C. Cash and Investments

At the direction of the fiscal court, KRS 66.480 authorizes the County Clerk's office to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

BATH COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENT December 31, 2005 (Continued)

Note 2. Employee Retirement System

The county officials and employees have elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan that covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members.

Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute. Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5.0 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 8.48 percent for the first six months and 10.98 percent for the last six months of the year.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65.

Historical trend information pertaining to CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report which is a matter of public record. The report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement Systems, 1260 Louisville Rd, Frankfort, Kentucky 40621-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

Note 3. Deposits

The County Clerk maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) in accordance with KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the County Clerk and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

Custodial Credit Risk

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the County Clerk's deposits may not be returned. The County Clerk follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4) and does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2005, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

BATH COUNTY GLEN THOMAS, COUNTY CLERK COMMENT AND RECOMMENDATION

For The Year Ended December 31, 2005

INTERNAL CONTROL - REPORTABLE CONDITION AND MATERIAL WEAKNESS:

The County Clerk's Office Lacks An Adequate Segregation Of Duties

We noted the lack of an adequate segregation of duties for the internal control structure and its operation that in our judgment is a reportable condition under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Due to the entity's diversity of official operations, small size, and budget restrictions, the official has few options for establishing an adequate segregation of duties. Management has considered and rejected additional cost when setting budget limits on spending on salaries and therefore accepts the degree of risk for a lack of an adequate segregation of duties. Therefore, Ross & Company, PLLC has judged the lack of an adequate segregation of duties as a reportable condition and a material weakness.

Because of the limitations of the Clerk's office, it appears that only compensating controls may achieve a proper segregation of duties. Compensating controls require the Clerk's direct supervision over receipts and disbursements and include, but are not limited to, the following:

- 1) Cash recounted and deposited by Clerk.
- 2) Surprise counts on cash drawers performed by the Clerk.
- 3) Reconciliation by the Clerk of daily Avis reports to receipts for usage tax, license fees, and tangible personal property taxes.
- 4) Reconciliation by the Clerk of other monthly collection reports to source documents and the receipts and disbursement ledgers.
- 5) Requiring dual signatures on checks with one being that of the Clerk.
- 6) Examination by the Clerk for proper documentation of other disbursement checks prepared by another employee.
- 7) Disbursements mailed by the Clerk.
- 8) Requiring employees to be cross-trained.
- 9) Requiring employees to take mandatory vacations.
- 10) Bank reconciliations prepared by the Clerk.

We recommend that these controls be performed in order to offset a lack of adequate segregation of duties. Documentation of these controls should be maintained for the auditor to verify their existence.

County Clerk's Response: None

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

ROSS & COMPANY, PLLCCertified Public Accountants

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The Honorable Walter Shrout, Bath County Judge/Executive Honorable Glen Thomas, Bath County Clerk Members of the Bath County Fiscal Court

> Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the statement of revenues, expenditures, and excess fees - regulatory basis of the Bath County Clerk for the year ended December 31, 2005, and have issued our report thereon dated April 27, 2006. The Clerk's financial statement is prepared in accordance with a basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the Bath County Clerk's internal control over financial reporting in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statement and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting. However, we noted a certain matter involving the internal control over financial reporting and its operation that we consider to be a reportable condition. Reportable conditions involve matters coming to our attention relating to significant deficiencies in the design or operation of the internal control over financial reporting that, in our judgment, could adversely affect the entity's ability to record, process, summarize, and report financial data consistent with the assertions of management in the financial statement. The reportable condition is described in the accompanying comment and recommendation.

• The County Clerk's Office Lacks Adequate Segregation Of Duties

A material weakness is a reportable condition in which the design or operation of one or more of the internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that misstatements caused by error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statement being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. Our consideration of the internal control over financial reporting would not necessarily disclose all matters in the internal control that might be reportable conditions and, accordingly, would not necessarily disclose all reportable conditions that are also considered to be material weaknesses. However, we consider the reportable condition described above to be a material weakness.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of The Financial Statement Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

Compliance And Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Bath County Clerk's financial statement for the year ended December 31, 2005, is free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under Government Auditing Standards.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, and the Kentucky Governor's Office for Local Development and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than the specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Ross & Company, PLLC

Audit fieldwork completed - April 27, 2006